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Plant competition as an ecosystem-based management tool for suppressing *Parthenium hysterophorus* in rangelands

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Plant competition as an ecosystem-based management tool for suppressing *Parthenium hysterophorus* in rangelands

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Abstract

The exotic invasive plant *Parthenium hysterophorus* is invading rangelands in Africa while causing negative effects on the biodiversity, environment, economy, and human and animal health because eco-friendly control methods are lacking.

We conducted experiments to investigate the suppressive effects of forage legume plant species; *Desmodium intortum* (Fabaceae), *Lablab purpureus* (Fabaceae), and *Medicago sativa* (Fabaceae) in suppressing the growth of *Parthenium hysterophorus*

Parthenium hysterophorus growth was suppressed when grown with fodder plant species at high density. However, the effect was mediated by the presence of *Lablab purpureus*.

Our work highlights the importance of competitive native plant diversity and density in rangeland management.

Moreover, this control method could be part of an integrated control toolkit being deployed in a community-based approach in other countries.

Keywords

Competition experiment; Invasion; Rangeland management; Suppressive plants; Tanzania.